

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

VOL. XXXVIII. No. 5892.

別六月六年二十八年一千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1882.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

## Notices of Firms.

### NOTICE.

MR. SOTHEBY GODFREY BIRD is authorized to Sign the Name of our Firm; and Mr. CHARLES GARDNER BUNKER to Sign for us per Procuration.

LINSTEAD & DAVIS.

Hongkong, May 29, 1882.

### NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. CHARLES KAHN in our Firm ceased on the 30th April, 1882.

REISS & Co.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1882.

### NOTICE.

WE HAVE been appointed AGENTS for the MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA, of Tokio, at THIS PORT.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

THE Undersigned have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their GOODS by Messrs KYNOCH & Co., of Witton, near BIRMINGHAM.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, August 13, 1881.

### NOTICE.

MR. CLEMENT PALMER is authorized to Sign the Name of our Firm.

WILSON & BIRD,

Architects, &c.

Hongkong, May 29, 1882.

### To Let.

G O D O W N S - T O L E T .  
PLAYA EAST AND WANCHAI ROAD.

For Particulars, apply to

SIEMSSON & Co.

Hongkong, April 26, 1882.

### To Let.

(WITH POSSESSION ON THE 1st MAY.)  
THE New FAMILY RESIDENCE situated next to EXCELSIOR on Robinson Road, replete with every convenience, TENNIS LAWN, STabling, &c.

### Also,

8 FIRST-CLASS GODDOWNS of all Sizes—Water-side. Inspection is invited.

### Apply to

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON.

Hongkong, April 3, 1882.

### To Let.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)  
THE HOUSE known as "PARSE VILLA," ROBINSON ROAD.

For Particulars, apply to

G. R. LAMMERT.

Pedder's Wharf.

Hongkong, May 1, 1882.

### To Let.

(POSSESSION ON 15th JULY NEXT.)  
THE COMMODIOUS HOUSE with Large Compound, and a Chinese HOUSE attached, No. 33, POTTINGER STREET.

Apply to

E. R. BELLIOS.

Hongkong, May 31, 1882.

### To Let.

(POSSESSION ON 1st JUNE NEXT.)  
THE FIRST FLOOR, West Side, of "MARIE HOUSE," No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD. Now in the occupation of MESSRS WILSON & BIRD.

Apply to

E. R. BELLIOS.

Hongkong, May 16, 1882.

### To Let.

(POSSESSION ON 1st JUNE NEXT.)  
THE RESIDENCE known as "BELLEVUE," ABERDEEN ROAD.

Apply to

B. L. LAYL,

Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, May 31, 1882.

### To Let.

(POSSESSION ON 1st JUNE NEXT.)  
THE COLONIAL LIFE AUSTIN'S NEW AMERICAN RIVER RANGE, BOWLING ALLEY, HONGKONG HOTEL, opens on MONDAY, May 1st, 1882.

BELT TARGETS, FLYING AND STATIONARY BIRDS, &c., &c.

Popular Prices: FOUR SHOTS for 25 Cents.

Unlimited Liability of Shareholders.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to grant INSURANCES as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies issued at current rates, payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1882.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Corporation are prepared to grant INSURANCES as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies issued at current rates, payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 1, 1882.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to accept RATES on First Class GODDOWNS at 1 per cent. net premium per annum.

NORTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, October 4, 1880.

## For Sale.

## LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

### CLARETS—

From a SOUND WINE at \$3.50, to CHATEAU LAFITE.

### SHERRIES—

A PALE DRY WINE at \$8, to Very CHOICE AMONTILLADO.

### PORTS—

GOOD WINE at \$8.50, to Old INVALID PORT.

### HOCKS—

STILL and SPARKLING.

### BURGUNDIES—

BAUNE and CHAMBERTIN.

### CHABLIS.

### SAUTERNE.

### CHAMPAGNES.

### MOSELLE.

Hongkong, May 15, 1882.

### For Sale.

### FOR SALE

MESSRS W. & J. LOCKETT'S Célébrated BRANDS, THREFFAL'S EXPORT PALE ALE, and FINDLATER'S \*\*\* DUBLIN STOUT in Pints and Quarts. Fine OLD PORT in Cases of 1 dozen.

### Apply to

SANDER & Co.

Hongkong, March 30, 1882.

### FOR SALE

A. RAUTER T MAINTZ DELICIOUS TABLE BEER. 4 doz. PINTS. CHAMPAGNE BOTTLES \$10. Case.

### Apply to

SANDER & Co.

Hongkong, March 30, 1882.

### FOR SALE

Now Landing ex "BENGLOE" and "GLENARTNEY."

### Apply to

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON.

Hongkong, April 3, 1882.

### FOR SALE

OUR Usual STOCK of CHOICE PORT WINE, viz.: 1847, CROWN—RED LABEL, in cases of 1 doz. 1814, VINHO DA NOVA CINTRA AND ALSO

### Apply to

J. J. DO REMEDIOS & Co.

Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

### FOR SALE

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, Quarts \$17 per 1 doz. Cases Pints \$18 per 2 doz.

### Apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, November 1, 1881.

### FOR SALE

ABOUT 2,000 lbs. MILLER & RICHARD'S Extra-hard Metal BOURGEOIS TYPE, No. 19, (somewhat worn but in fairly good condition).

### Apply to

OFFICE OF THIS PAPER.

Hongkong, July 22, 1881.

### Intimations.

### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been appointed AGENT for the SALE of the above COALS at HONGKONG, from and after this date.

### Apply to

H. J. H. TRIPP,

Mitsubishi Mail S. Co.

Hongkong, April 26, 1882.

### TO LET.

THE FIRST FLOOR, West Side, of "MARIE HOUSE," No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD. Now in the occupation of MESSRS WILSON & BIRD.

### Apply to

E. R. BELLIOS.

Hongkong, May 16, 1882.

### TO LET.

NO. 4 and 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE, Nos. 2 and 4, PEDDAR'S HILL.

### Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, May 3, 1882.

### NOTICE.

COLONIAL LIFE AUSTIN'S NEW AMERICAN RIVER RANGE, BOWLING ALLEY, HONGKONG HOTEL, opens on MONDAY, May 1st, 1882.

### NOTICE.

THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

### NOTICE.

CAPITAL £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

### NOTICE.

Unlimited Liability of Shareholders.

### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company are prepared to accept RATES on First Class GODDOWNS at 1 per cent. net premium per annum.

### NOTICE.

Apply to this Office.

### NOTICE.

## For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.  
No. 53, Queen's Road East,  
(OPPOSITE THE COMMISSIONER),  
ARE NOW LANDING, EX-  
BRITISH BARQUE  
"STILLWATER".

DEVOE'S NONPARIEL  
BRILLIANT  
KEROSINE OIL,  
150° test.

SPARTAN COOKING  
STOVES.

FAIRBANKS SCALES.  
OAKUM.

TAR.

TURPENTINE.

EX "AMERICAN MAIL".

CALIFORNIA  
RACKER  
COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb.  
tins, and loose.

Alphabetical BIS-  
CUITS.

Fancy Sweet Mixed  
BISCUITS.

Ginger CAKES.

Soda BISCUITS.

Oyster BISCUITS.

Cracked WHEAT.  
OATMEAL.

HOMINY.

CORNMEAL.

TOPCAN BUTTER.  
Eastern and California CHEESE.

Boneless CODFISH.

Prime HAMS and BACON.

Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.  
PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Family PIG-ROCK in kegs and pieces.

Paragon MACKEREL in 5 lb cans.

Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.

Cutting Dessert FRUITS in 24 lb cans.

Assorted Canined VEGETABLES.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage

MEATS.

Stuffed PEPPERS.

Assorted PICKLES.

MINCHEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Framed

Richardson & Robbin's Colorated Potted

MEATS.

Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.

Lunch TONGUE.

McCarty's Sugar LEMONADE.

Cheek CHOWDER.

Smoked SALMON.

Green TURTLE in 2½ lb cans.

&c., &c., &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STORES,  
including:

TEVSONEAU'S DESSERT FRUITS.

ALMONDS and RAISINS.

PICNIC TONGUES.

COCAOTINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.

LIEBIG's & EPT'S COCOA.

FRENCH PLUMS.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

MINCEMEAT.

SAUSAGES.

BRAWN.

ISIGNY BUTTER.

DANISH BUTTER.

BREAKFAST TONGUES.

ANCHOVIES.

ASPARAGUS.

SOUPS, &c.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

CHAMPAGNE.

HEDDIECH'S MONOPOLE & WHITE  
SEAL.

VEDVE CLAUQUOT PONSARDIN.

JULES MUMM & Co., pints & quarts.

CLARETS—

CHATEAU MARGAUX.

CHATEAU LA ROSE, pinte & quart.

CHATEAU LAFITE, " "

1RE GRAVES, "

BREAKFAST CLARET, "

SHERRIES & PORT—

SACCOME'S MANZANILLA & AMON-

TILLADO.

SACCOME'S OLD INVALID PORT

(1848).

HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c.—

1 and 3-star HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

BISQUIT DUBUCHE & Co.'s BRANDY.

FINEST OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY.

ROYAL GLENLEE WHISKY.

CHARTREUSE.

MARASCHINO.

CURACAO.

ANGOSTURA BAKER'S and ORANGE  
BITTERS.

&c., &c., &c.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and

SANDERS, pints and quarts.

GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. &

J. BURKE, pints and quarts.

PILSENER BEER, in quarts.

DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the

Gallon.

ALE and PORTER, in hogsheads.

SPECIALLY SELECTED

CIGARS.

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in

5 and 10 catty Boxes.

BREAKFAST CONGOU at 25 cents p. lb.

SEASIDE LIBRARY, 15 to 20 cents.

FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, 15 to

25 cents.

ATTENT FIRE-PROOF

CASH BOXES, at

MILNER'S F.

SAVES, &c.

Manufacturer's 12.

Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

## Entertainment.

THEATRE ROYAL.  
FIRST APPEARANCE OF  
BANDMANN COMBINATION  
NUMBERING 12 ARTISTS.  
For Positively TWO NIGHTS Only!  
THIS EVENING, June 6th,  
"HAMILTON".

TO-MORROW, June 7th,  
"MERCHANT OF VENICE".  
Tickets and Plan at KELLY & WALSH'S.  
Prices Dress Circle, \$3; Stalls, \$2; Pit, \$1.  
Hongkong, June 6, 1882.

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The News is informed that the Viceroy, Li is coming down by the Chinese gunboat *Tao Chien*, not by the *Pantah* as at first arranged. His Excellency will touch at Woosung only for a few hours, and proceed straight up the Yangtze. The Tao-tai and other officials of Shanghai will go down river to meet him as soon as he arrives. On his return, the Viceroy will probably spend at least three days in visiting the different places of interest in Shanghai.

TAN Chien-pai, the Fan-tai of Kiang-su, arrived yesterday (1st) from Soochow to exchange ratifications of the Brasilian Treaty with E. I. B. M. Minister in Shanghai. The Fan-tai is staying near the principal South Gate, and was entertained yesterday afternoon (31st) at tiffin in the Sing-Wing Miao, Mr. Chen of the Mixed Court superintending all the arrangements. In consequence of this there was no sitting at the Mixed Court yesterday morning.—*News.*

We (N. C. D. News) are requested to state that the Prospectus of the Selangor Tin Mining Company of Shanghai will not be circulated. It was to have been issued on the 1st inst., but as the directors received privately on Wednesday no less than two hundred applications for shares beyond the total number which they had at their disposal, they have decided to accept no more applications, and will not do so at any time. The capital of the Company is \$250,000 divided into 2,500 shares of \$100 each; \$10 per share has been paid on application and \$40 is payable on allotment. The Secretaries of the Company are Messrs. Francis & Co., the Directors are Messrs. Drummond & Co., Countess Forbes, E. W. Francis, L. Marchand, Adam Lind, and W. S. Wether-

more. Peking and Tientsin Correspondents give us an interesting item of intelligence: for we suppose that the secret mission of Wang Wan-shao to the Viceroy Li spoken of by the former is identical with the deputation from the Inner Council referred to by the latter. In any case, the Empress seems to have sent a special messenger of high rank to convey to His Excellency the assurance of her confidence and regard, and to beg him to resume all his offices on his return from An-hui. This does not look very much as though the Viceroy had succumbed to the attacks of his enemies, as some have tried to prove. That His Excellency is not a personal favourite of Her Majesty, is probable enough; but she is far too shrewd a woman not to estimate his high qualities at their full value.—N. C. D. News.

Tin Tai Chon correspondent of the N. C. Daily News writes:—“Pirato Huang seems little the worse for wounds, and still bids defiance to the overwhelming force that is arrayed against him. He cannot take to the water; the vigilance of the gunboats keeps him from his favourite element, he must perform contortions against fearful odds. There are two things that may enable him to keep his enemy at large,—their timidity, and the sympathy of the mountaineers. The Ningpo correspondent of the same paper says:—“We have now anchored near the Salt Gate (of the City Ningpo) ten new Chinese gunboats. Sail is to supercede steam, on account of the expense, also because of the inability of the steampers to go into the shallows after the pirates. The ten boats have been built and equipped by a Cantonese soldier, which will account for the change of crews to which I referred in my previous letter.”

The meaning of the following extract from the London correspondence of the *Liverpool Mercury*, we take to be that Sir J. Pope Hennessy has lost no time since his arrival at home in employing tools to hoodwink the good people of England. It is a bold, some might say an impudent, course to assert that the outcry against him in Hongkong arose from his up-rooting a society. But we should say it is not the least likely to be successful with the Colonial Office, where his character as an utterly impractical man, and a complete failure as an administrator, is perfectly established. “There is no longer any chance of Sir John Hennessy being denominated by the Foreign Office (sic) for what he has done in Hongkong. It is true that he has raised the Colony against him for what he has done to prevent slavery and to root out a terrible abuse; and when first the outcry was raised even Lord Carnarvon blamed the Governor. But the publication of the blue books shows that the system which he sought to support is as miserable as it can be. The brother slavery which exists is something terrible, and it has been fed and sustained by official sanction. The first to move in the matter was Sir John Smale, and Sir J. Pope Hennessy followed him. He will, it is understood, go back to Hongkong in order to root up what is proved to be so mischievous.”—N. C. D. News.

The New York *News* of April 20th comments upon the new Chinese Bill as follows:—“It passed the House by a heavy majority, the period of suspension being restricted to ten years and the registration and passport provisions being left out to meet the President's objections. It probably will have but little actual effect in keeping down the number of Chinese in this country. Those who want to come will come in from Mexico and the British territory, and when once here will be no means of expelling them. But they probably will not come in great numbers from any quarter, and as the white population on the Pacific Coast grows the Chinese scare will seem more and more absurd, and by the end of the ten years people will be ashamed of it, as they are of so many by-gone scares about the negroes. It seems a pity that the bill, after giving so much trouble, should not be likely to help one side more than the other in the next Presidential election, but it looks now as if neither had got any special advantage out of it for that reason. It certainly leaves the Republican party worse off on the Atlantic Coast, for it makes sad havoc of certain ideas about the equality of men and the might of the National Government which did good service during the reconstruction period.”

Resort of Visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending June 4th.—

Europeans	Chinese
Monday, 12	663
Tuesday, 14	504
Wednesday, 16	570
Thursday, 21	489
Friday, 22	624
Saturday, 14	427
Sunday, 12	3,179
Total, 102	3,571
Grand total, 3,571	

Mr. Johnson said his instructions were that the plaintiff was a stowaway, who had never signed the articles or even been shipped. The plaintiff said he was taken on board the vessel, at the Captain's request, by the boatmen. The Captain offered him \$8 a month as wages, which he accepted. The offer was made in Spanish. No advance money was paid, and he had only got \$7 from the Captain, receiving \$5 to buy some clothes on one occasion, 50 cents on two other occasions, three plugs

We regret to have to record the death of Mr. Augustus Henry Mounsey, F.R.G.S., which took place at Bogota on the 10th inst., after a comparatively short illness, death being the result of inflammation of the lungs. Mr. Mounsey was nominated as Attaché April 1, 1867, and appointed to Lisbon May 23, 1867; passed an examination, and obtained an honorary certificate the same day; passed a second examination July 30, 1867, and was transferred to Haarlem April 29, 1867, to Vienna Aug. 28, 1862; was appointed a Third Secretary Nov. 17, 1862, and promoted an Second Secretary, and transferred to Tehran Feb. 26, 1863. Was secretary to the British Members of the Mixed Commission at Vienna to inquire into the Austrian Tariff, from March 1 till June 30, 1865, and transferred to Florence Feb. 8, 1868; to Vienna Aug. 10, 1870. Was Acting Charge d'Affaires at Vienna from Jan. 31 till Feb. 26, 1873, and Acting Consul-General at Butta-Pesth from Oct. 22, 1873, till Jan. 15, 1874; was promoted to a Post Sept. 14, 1875; was to be Secretary to the Secretary of Legation at Yedo, Feb. 10, 1876, and transferred to Athens Feb. 22, 1878, and promoted to Resident Minister and Consul-General at Bogota April 26, 1881. Mr. Mounsey will be remembered also by residents in the Far East by his history of the Satsuma Rebellion, by far the best account that has yet appeared of it.—L. & C. Express.

### Haiphong.

(From a Correspondent.)

1st June, 1882.

Nothing very striking from this—it is however noticed that in a few days a company of soldiers are going up the “Rivière Claire” after the “Black flags” and to establish stations to the Yunnan frontier to protect commerce and navigation.

The Consul has terminated his enquiry into the murder (it can be called nothing else) of the unfortunate Ang-chi-choek, and his report was yesterday forwarded to Saigon to the Governor, who will decide what is to be asked as reparation for this crime. We hear a Chinese flotilla is coming here. What to do? Perhaps merely a pro-menade!

### SUPREME COURT.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

(Before the Hon. G. Phillippe, Chief Justice.)

Tuesday, June 6.

### JUDGMENT REGARDING MOTION FOR DELIVERY OF GOODS IN RE NO CHO YIK, BANKRUPT.

Mr. Johnson, of Messrs. Sharp, Toller, and Johnson, represented the Creditors' Assignee; and Mr. Mossop, of Messrs. Dennis and Mossop, appeared for Sing Kee, the debtor who made the motion.

This case was heard on the 30th ultimo, and to-day His Lordship gave the following decision. His Lordship said he was satisfied from the evidence taken that the practice adopted by persons of the class to which the parties in the case belonged in this Colony were put in those matters should have some weight, and thought the application should not be granted. He contended that the inaccuracy of the ship would cause to the owners. Mr. Maclean stated that there were several men on board the vessel who were material witnesses in the case, and as men of considerable loss would be entailed on them if their ship left without them, as they would have to be subpoenaed, he thought His Lordship would grant the application. He thought the inconvenience to the jurors would not balance the loss and inconvenience to the owners.

The Attorney General submitted that under the circumstances the application should not be granted. He contended that the inconvenience to which jurymen in the Colony were put in those matters should have some weight, and thought the application should not be granted.

His Lordship said the inconvenience caused to jurymen ought to be considered, as well as the interests of the jurors before the Court. The earliest date on which the case could be tried was the 12th, two days before the date on which the ship was fixed to leave, and as the regular sessions were to be held on the 19th, he thought the case should stand over till that time. The vessel to which the defendants belonged would not have been detained so considerably time, for one of its sort, though it was detained until the case was heard. He refused to grant the motion.

The present system of sending the bedding, &c., to the *Qad* to be washed, is much to be deplored; as there must always be a certain risk of contagion being conveyed to the inmates of that establishment. A wash house and disinfecting room are urgently required, and a site found for them within the hospital grounds.

Considerable inconvenience is caused by the want of efficient control over the egress from and ingress to the hospital. The servants can go out and in at their pleasure, strangers can enter at any time without being observed; and it is a wonder that none of the stores have been stolen. The remedy for this is to erect a gate and a lodge for the gatekeeper at the entrance of the Queen's Road.

The planing of the quarters of the staff in the main building is decidedly objectionable; it renders them liable to the extreme annoyance and inconvenience of being disturbed at all hours by delirious patients and those suffering from great pain, or by the arrival of some accident. On the other hand, the patients are liable to be disturbed by the occupants of the quarters, as it is impossible to expect that any man in his own room is constantly to be remembered that he is practically in a sick room, and that the slightest noise is to be avoided. It would therefore be advisable to erect a separate building within the hospital grounds for the use of the staff.

The present Superintendent's quarters would give all the extra wards above allowed to him.

The staff, so far as numbers are concerned, is ample. However, the great number of the men employed as nurses are of a low class and not reliable.

John Murphy, seaman on board the *Kutai*, was fined 60 cents or one day's imprisonment, after he had admitted being drunk and incapable on the 6th instant.

Francis O'Flanagan, private of the Buffs, was fined 50 cents, or one day's imprisonment for being drunk and disorderly.

He was arrested about midnight on the 27th March, that his services would not be required after the 30th April; this witness also said the plaintiff raised no objection at the time.

His Lordship non-suited the plaintiff.

RAMON NINGULER v. R. T. DAVIS, \$33.54.

Mr. Wotton appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Johnson represented the defendant.

Mr. Wotton said the plaintiff was one of four men engaged by the defendant, the master of the *R. T. Clayton*, on the 23rd December last, at a place called Leguine, at \$8 a month. This action was brought by his client, in the first instance, but there were eight men who had similar claims against the Captain. Some were proceeding in Admiralty, and a client, who was not on the ship's articles owing to the want of a Consul at the port of departure, was proceeding in this Court. Two other men who were placed in the same position were to be guided in their taking action by the decision in this case. As his client was not aware of what the defence was, he thought it would be better for Mr. Johnson to state what the nature was.

Mr. Johnson said his instructions were that the plaintiff was a stowaway, who had never signed the articles or even been shipped.

The plaintiff said he was taken on board the vessel, at the Captain's request, by the boatmen.

The Captain offered him \$8 a month as wages, which he accepted. The offer was made in Spanish.

No advance money was paid, and he had only got \$7 from the Captain, receiving \$5 to buy some clothes on one occasion, 50 cents on two other occasions, three plugs

of tobacco and 60 cents on another, and

40 cents to him. The entire crew left the ship about the 22nd of May.

In answer to Mr. Johnson, he said his occupation before this engagement was that of a seaman, and he knew a gentleman of the name of Brown. He was engaged by the Captain, and when a search-party came on board to look for him and two others the Captain hid them in the cabin, because they were not on the articles. The search party did not discover them.

The boatmen of the vessel said the captain of the vessel told him to go on shore and get four men. He went, and brought the plaintiff on board, the captain agreeing to give him \$9 per month as wages.

The defendant, after making a short statement denying the charge, was committed for trial at the Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

CHAN YAU, an unemployed coolie, was committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions, on a charge of stealing one pedlock from the godowns of Messrs. Stiemens & Co., on the 5th instant.

The coolie was in possession of a skeleton key with which, putting on one side the disagreeable idea of drinking it, might prove injurious to health by mere mechanical irritation.

The lowest charge for a patient of this class is \$1 a day, and a considerable sum for an ordinary Chinaman to pay.

Very likely, acts as effective prevention to their seeking admission.

It would be well if the Government considered the advisability of reducing this fee, and at the same time making arrangements for the out-standards to those who may apply at fixed hours on certain days of the week.

This shows an increase of 181, compared with last year, and is the greatest number admitted in any one year during the last decade, except 1876, when the number was 1,289.

Very few Chinese private paying patients sought admission. This may be that they do not yet appreciate western scientific medical treatment, but it is very probable that the few charged have more to do with it.

The lowest charge for a patient of this class is \$1 a day, and a considerable sum for an ordinary Chinaman to pay.

Very likely, acts as effective prevention

to their seeking admission.

and forced to hand over part of her personal clothing and other property. She followed the men, and drew the attention of one of the keepers of the Mahomedan Cemetery who arrested the defendant. Part of the property had been discovered by the Police since the date of the round, and to-day a pawnbroker deposited to their being pawned on the day of the robbery. Inspector Baker also stated that three robbers had been reported as having taken place at the same spot within the past three months, in each of which three men were said to have taken part.

The defendant, after making a short statement denying the charge, was committed for trial at the Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

CHAN YAU; an unemployed coolie, was committed for trial at the next Criminal Sessions, on a charge of stealing one pedlock from the godowns of Messrs. Stiemens & Co., on the 5th instant.

The coolie was in possession of a skeleton key with which, putting on one side the disagreeable idea of drinking it, might prove injurious to health by mere mechanical irritation.

The lowest charge for a patient of this class is \$1 a day, and a considerable sum for an ordinary Chinaman to pay.

Very likely, acts as effective prevention

to their seeking admission.

This shows an increase of 181, compared with last year, and is the greatest number admitted in any one year during the last decade, except 1876, when the number was 1,289.

Very few Chinese private paying patients sought admission.

This may be that they do not yet appreciate western scientific medical treatment, but it is very probable that the few charged have more to do with it.

The lowest charge for a patient of this class is \$1 a day, and a considerable sum for an ordinary Chinaman to pay.

Very likely, acts as effective prevention

to their seeking admission.

It would be well if the Government considered the advisability of reducing this fee, and at the same time making arrangements for the out-standards to those who may apply at fixed hours on certain days of the week.

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THE CHINA REVIEW.  
PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY  
TENTH YEAR.

THIS Review, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese caused by the discontinuance of "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," has reached its Tenth Volume. The Review discusses those topics which are important to persons passing through the city, and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new department has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and concise record of Literature on China etc., and to give critiques embodying sketches of the most recent works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are requested to forward works to "Editor, China Review," care of China Mail Office.

The Notes and Queries are still continued and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge on obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, and also by the Missionaries, ledges among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is assiduously cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Chalmers, Elliot, Hentscheler, Hirth, and Hance, Professor Phillips, Mutchly, Grod, Jameson, Fabre, Kepach, Parker, Phair, Gidus, and Pitt, all well-known names, indicative of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subject.

The Subscription is fixed at \$6.50 per annum, postage included—payable in advance.

Orders for binding volumes will be promptly attended to; Address, "Manager, China Mail Office."

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"The present number of this periodical, \* \* \* opens with a review of the Foreign Trade of China during 1880. This is rather a new departure for a publication which professes to be purely literary; but considering the comparatively small circulation it enjoys at present among the commercial communities of China, we had the innovation as likely to recommend the Review to the notice of those who take an interest in few matters beyond mercantile pursuits."—North-China Herald.

"The China Review for September-October fully maintains the high standard of excellence which characterizes that publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Meteorologists will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Fritsch

on "The Amount of Precipitation (rain and Snow) of Peking," showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1880. "Notes on the Dutch Occupied Formosa," by Mr. Geo. Phillips, contains some interesting information, although much of it is second-hand. The Notices of New Books include a most generous and appreciative review of "The Divine Classic of Nan-Hua," and the Notes and Queries are as usual very interesting."—North-China Daily News.

"A substantial and reliable Review which all students of China and the Chinese would do well to patronise."—Chrysanthemum.

"The November-December number of the China Review contains less variety than usual, but the few articles are very interesting. The opening paper by Mr. Herbert A. Giles on "The New Testament in Chinese" treat of a question that must necessarily be of great importance in the eyes of all meteorologists."—Mr. E. H. Parker's "Short Journeys in Szechuan" are continued, and a goodly instalment of these travelings the interior of China is given. Mr. F. H. Balfour contributes a paper of some length entitled "The Emperor Cheng, founder of the Chinese Empire," which will be read with genuine interest by students of Chinese history.

A few short notices of New Books and a number of Notes and Queries, one of which "On Chinese Oaths in Western Borneo and Java" might appropriately have been placed under a separate heading, complete the number."—H.K. Daily Press.

"Trubet's Oriental Record" contains the following notice of the "China Review"—The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the "Calcutta Review." The great degree of attention that has been bestowed for many years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social development, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the China Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance.

## Visitors' Column.

We have instituted as an experiment a VISITORS' COLUMN, which we trust will prove successful, and be found useful. To it will be relegated from time to time such items of information, lists, tables and other intelligence as is considered likely to prove valuable to persons passing through the city, and in connection with which we have opened a SELECT HOTEL, AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY, applications for enrolment into which we are now ready to receive.

## List of Public Buildings.

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St. Peter's Seamen's Church, West Point.

St. Joseph's (R.C.) Church, Garden Road, near Kennedy Road.

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Sailor's Home, West Point.

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Marine House, Queen's Road.

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BANKS.								
HK. and Shai. Bank	10,000	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 63,630.45	40/	* 116% = 272% (p. sh.)	
INSURANCES.								
Nth. China Ins.	1,000	\$ 2,000	TL 600	TL 252,000	TL 663,706.00	TL 75	* TL 1225 div	
Yangtze Ins.	1,200	\$ 350	TL 350	TL 500,488	TL 18,476.56	18 1/2	TL 670 no. sh.	
Union Ins. Soc.	500	\$ 2,500	TL 500	TL 384,572	TL 437,058.58	TL 152.00	TL 162% S. 162%	
China Traders Insurance.	600	\$ 1,666.00	500	\$ 475,000	\$ 91,928.49	20%	* \$1650	
Cotton Ins. Office	1,000	\$ 250	500	\$ 208	\$ 100,378	67.42	6% * \$250 nom.	
Chinese Ins. Co.	1,500	\$ 1,000	200	\$ 208	\$ 223,842	72	\$75 * \$925	
Fire Ins.	2,000	\$ 1,000	200	\$ 208	\$ 203,403.72	\$75	\$825	
China Fire Ins.	4,000	\$ 500	100	\$ 493,632	\$ 144,555.91	18%	* \$290	
STEAMERS.								
HK. C. and M. Steamboat.	8,000	\$ 100	75	\$ 135,000	\$ 18,908.00	5%	* \$100	
MISCELLANEOUS.								
HK. & Wh. poa Dock.	10,000	\$ 125	125	\$ 147,563	\$ 3,180.53	4%	* 52% prom. (\$190 p. sh.)	
HK. and China Gas Co.	5,000	\$ 10	10	\$ 7,480	... \$82	... \$100	"	
H'k'ng Hotel.	2,000	\$ 100	100	\$ 1,324.71	\$10	... \$100	"	
H'k'ng Ice Co.	6,000	\$ 100	100	\$ 6,250	\$1,880.58	\$10	\$191	
Luzon Sugar Co.	7,000	\$ 100	100	\$ 109.31	\$5	\$800	"	
LOANS.								
Chi. Imp., 1874	6,276	\$ 100	all	8%				